the procedure shall be in accordance with such orders as may, from time to time, be made by the Deputy Commissioner, either generally or specially in this behalf, instead of the procedure prescribed in Sections 171 and 172 of the Land Revenue Code.

The Government or the Revenue Commissioner may, for sufficient cause, condone delay in the payment of the full amount of purchase money, and also waive forfeiture of the deposit money, and the authority condoning the delay may, in its discretion, levy a penalty up to 10 per cent of the purchase money, not exceeding Rs. 50 in any case. The power herein conferred on the Revenue Commissioner shall be limited to cases of delay not exceeding 15 days.

The proclamation and written notice of sale required to be issued under Sections 171 and 172 of the said Code shall be in one of the forms contained in Appendix B or as near thereto as may be."

Conditions of sale in the Form of Proclamation and Written Notice of sale of the Right of occupancy of unoccupied land; (*Appendix B* (2)).

Condition 6.—Add the following sub-paragraph after condition 6:—

Government or the Revenue Commissioner to the extent empowered in this behalf, may, for sufficient cause, condone delay in payment of the full amount of purchase money and also to waive forfeiture of deposit money, and the authority condoning the delay may, in its discretion, levy a penalty up to 10 per cent of the purchase money, not exceeding Rs. 50 in any case.

Condition 9.—After the word "money" at the end of the second sentence in the first sub-paragraph, add "*and other cesses prescribed by Government from time to time.*"

Condition 10.—After the word "land" occurring in the first sentence, read, "*that has been fixed or may be fixed*" and for "Cess" occurring in the first and second sentences read "*and other cesses*".

The above conditions, as thus amended, will be as under:—

* * * * *

6. In default of payment within the said period of the full amount of the purchase money, the deposit, after defraying thereout the expenses of the sale shall be forfeited to Government, and the occupancy right shall be resold, and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the occupancy right, or to any part of the sum for which it may be subsequently sold.

Government or the Revenue Commissioner to the extent empowered in this behalf, may for sufficient cause, condone delay in payment of the full amount of purchase money, and also to waive forfeiture of deposit money, and the authority condoning the delay may, in its discretion, levy a penalty up to 10 per cent of the purchase money, not exceeding Rs. 50 in any case.

* * * * *

9. The purchaser shall previously to entering upon occupation of the land, obtain the permission in writing of the Amildar or Deputy Amildar under Section 58 of the Land Revenue Code. Such permission will only be accorded on the purchaser's paying Local Fund cess at the rate of one anna in the rupee on the amount of the purchase money, *and other cesses prescribed by Government from time to time.* If the land is occupied without such permission being first obtained, the occupation will be liable to be treated as unauthorised under Section 29 of the Land Revenue Code.

It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description or in estimated extent of the land.

10. The purchaser will have to pay the assessment of the land, *that has been fixed or may be fixed,* and local fund *and other cesses,* thereon, commencing with the year. Provided that, if without his own fault, he does not obtain possession of the land in due time to make use of it that year, he shall not be chargeable with the assessment and Local Fund *and other cesses* thereof till the next following year.

By Order,
P. G. D'SOUZA,
Chief Secretary to Government.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT.

Economic Conference.

ORDER No. D. 2919-23—E. C. 16-26-1, DATED 28TH OCTOBER 1926.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to notify that the following additional gentlemen who are Non-Official Presidents of District Boards be

appointed Members of the General Economic Conference in pursuance of Government Order No. Rel. 142-218—E. C. 8-26-1, dated the 22nd September 1926:—

1. Mr. N. S. Nanjundiah (Hassan).
2. „ C. B. Gopala Rao (Kolar).
3. „ B. Abdur Rahmon (Bangalore).

C. RANGANATHA RAO SAHIB,
Secretary to Government,
Development Departments.

LOCAL AND LEGISLATIVE SECRETARIAT.

Symbols.

READ—

Government Order No. L. 1330-44—L. B. 25-26-4, dated the 24th August 1926, approving of 8 symbols for being assigned to candidates at elections to the District Boards in order to enable any illiterate voter to identify the name of the candidate for whom he wishes to vote.

2. Government Order No. L. 2091-105—L. B. 25-26-9, dated the 16th September 1926, adding 4 more symbols to those prescribed in the Government Order read above.

3. Letter No. D. 2205—26, dated the 23rd October 1926, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, suggesting that in view of the large number of candidates standing for elections from general constituencies some more symbols such as (1) Ship, (2) Camel and (3) Sword may be prescribed in addition to those already sanctioned in the Government Orders read above.

ORDER NO. L. 2757-69—L. B. 25-26-13, DATED 29TH OCTOBER 1926.

The following 3 symbols are approved by Government, to meet the contingencies, referred to by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District:— (1) Ship, (2) Camel and (3) Sword.

2. The blocks for the additional symbols also shall be prepared and kept ready by the Superintendent, Government Press, for printing on the form of the voting paper.

B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT.

Special Localities Allowances.

READ—

Government Order No. Fl. 6723-72—S. & A. 166-19-1, dated 24th March 1920, issuing rules regulating the grant of allowances to officers stationed in unhealthy and specially expensive localities.

ORDER NO. FL. 3290-349—S. & A. 101-25-2, DATED 27TH OCTOBER 1926.

Certain allowances called Malnad and Semi-malnad allowances are now being given to some officers stationed in the four Districts of Shimoga, Kadur, Hassan and Mysore. But the whole arrangement is full of anomalies. Officers of some Departments get these allowances while those of others do not, though all of them are working at the same places. Even in the same Department some of its officers get these allowances while others do not. In some cases, even in the same department the rates allowed differ. These distinctions and divergences are indefensible and they have formed the subject of discussion both in the Representative Assembly and the Legislative Council. Repeated representations have also been made for the grant of malnad allowances to school masters, residing in Malnad districts.

2. An attempt at introducing a uniform arrangement was made in 1920 and Government agreed with the Local Allowance Committee which considered the question that officials of all Departments (on pay not exceeding Rs. 100) stationed in Malnad and other specially unhealthy or expensive localities should be treated alike and given a uniform rate of allowance. As the Committee's recommendations involved additional expenditure, Government decided in the order read above that they might